United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms
Type all entries—complete applicable sections

For NPS use only

received

date entered

77	10113	* * 1	
1. Name			
historic Cashiers House and Coach 1	House		
and/or common N/A	No. 1944		
2. Location			
street & number 413 State Street; 11	l East Fourth Stree	et N/	A not for publication
city, town ERIE	N/A_vicinity of N/A		
state Pennsylvania code	42 county	Erie	code 049
3. Classification			
districtX_ public X_ building(s)X_ private structure both site Public Acquisition Accordance Acquisition Accordance	tatus X occupied unoccupied work in progress ccessible yes: restricted X yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agricultureX commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	_X_ museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner of Property	7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Bennsylvania Historical & Mus	eum Commission/Cro	Wer/King Architoca	
treet & number Box 1026 / 1361 Wes		well king architect	.5
ity, town Harrisburg 17120	Pa 16505 NA vicinity of	state	PA
5. Location of Legal	Description		
ourthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Erie Cour	nty Courthouse		
treet & number West Sixth Street		,	
lty, town Erie		state	Pennsylvania
6. Representation in	Existing Su		
Pennsylvania Inventory of Ne Historical Places			ble?yes _X_no
ate 1971/1981			county local
epository for survey records			
ty, town Harrisburg	•	p,	ennsylvania

7. D	esci	ripti	on

Ye ...

Condition excellent	Sedeteriorated	Check one unaltered	Check one _X_ original s	site		
x good	ruins	_X_ altered	moved	date	N/A	
fair	unexposed			أراء المحادية والمحادثة وا	e. pea	
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance.....

Built in 1839, the Cashiers House is a three story, plastered brick building. The fenestration consists of three half windows on the third floor, three full windows on the second floor and two full windows and a pilastered entrance on the first floor.

The austere exterior is contrasted to a rather ornate interior. The interior is an excellent example of the Egyptian Revival style. The ceilings are decorated with the same egg and dart anthemian and Greek fret circular patterns that appear in the nearby Custom's House (listed National Register of Historic Places, Jan.13, 1972). Perfect harmony in the interior arrangement was sought even to the extent that doors, which could not be opened, were placed on a solid party wall, purely to effect a feeling of balance.

The Cashiers house is essentially the same as it was in 1839.

Originally built as an accessory building to the Cashiers House, the Coach house is a two story brick edifice with a hip roof.

The local point of the Fourth Street facade is the stone entrance, the design of which reflects the wood framed interior openings of the Cashiers House. Brick ornamentation is limited to a simple raised panel that frames the Fourth Street entrance, and an overhang below the cornice at the perimeter of the building. The cornice at all four sides is ornamented with dentils.

While there are no significent interior partitions in the coach house, two additions to the rear have tripled the depth of the original building. The additions are approximately equal in size and equal in width to the coach house.

The Cashiers House at 413 State Street, Erie was listed in the National Register of Historic Places on January 13, 1972, The Old Customhouse, at 409 State Street was listed on the same date. At that time the registration of properties focused on the main buildings and neglected the accessory buildings. The value of these associated buildings is now recognized, therefore it is our intent to include the coach house in the registration of the Cashiers House.

NPS Form 10-800-a (7-81)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form Coach House for the Cashiers House, Erie County

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Continuation sheet

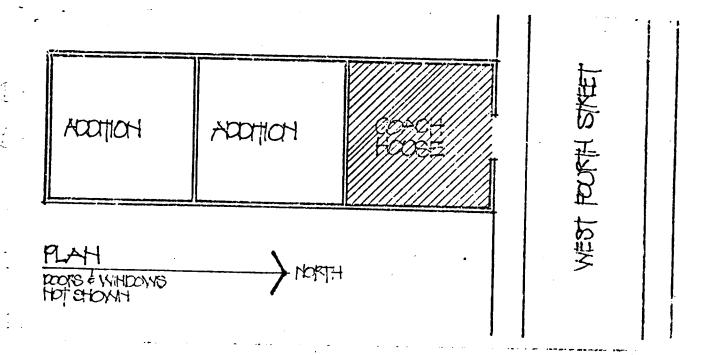
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Two additions, at the rear, have tripled the depth of the original building. These are approximately equal in size, and equal in width to the Coach House.



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Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

8. Significance

The Cashier's house and coach house were built as part of a three building complex that included the Erie Branch of the United States Bank of Pennsylvania (listed in the National Register as the Old Customs House). Constructed in 1839, the Complex was an integral part of an emerging business district on State Street and remain rare survivors from that period. The three buildings are excellent examples of the Greek Revival architecture that charactized many of the structures built in Erie during the late 1830's. The interiors of the Cashiers house (and the bank) is also a rare example of the Egytian Revival style in Pennsylvania.

The 1830's was a time of growth and development in Erie. New opportunities, new businesses, new residents and the ongoing construction of a canal that would link Erie with the Ohio River, all pointed to a future of abundance for the town. The Erie branch of the U.S. Bank of Pennsylvania was built to accommodate this growth in business and finance. However, the future of the bank became uncertain almost as soon as the bank opened. In 1839, the parent bank was not rechartered and, as a result, branches were forced to close. The Erie branch was able to survive for four years, but finally succumbed in 1843. For the next five years the building stood vacant while bank directors attempted to unravel the institution's complex financial affairs. In 1848 the building reopened as a post office and a year later became a custom's house as well. The building served as a post office until 1866 and as the custom's house for the port of Erie until 1888.

Located on a plot of land next to the bank, the Cashier's house reflects the same Greek Revival exterior and employs a similar interior design as does the bank. The house & coach house were built by the bank as a residence for the bank cashier. The first, and only, cashier, Peter Benson, and his family moved into the cashiers house in 1839 and remained occupants there until the early 1840's.

From the time Benson left until 1850 both the Cashiers house and coach house were vacant. In 1850 the buildings were sold as a private residence. Over the next twenty years the two structures went through a succession of owners. In 1872, the property was sold to Samuel Woodruff, an attorney, and used as his residence until 1913.

Ten years after Woodruff's purchase, the coach house was sold to Edward Pelten, a marble dealer. Peltan used the building as a marble shop. When Pelton died in 1904 the coach house was sold to Robert H. Chinnock, a blacksmith. During his ownership, Chinnock expanded the coach house to facilitate heavy equipment and machinery.

The Cashier's house and coach house were part of a complex that symbolized the midnineteenth hopes for the future and the rapid growth of Erie County. Constructed as part of a burgeoning business district, the buildings offer an interesting perspective into our past and a fine example of Greek Revival architecture in Pennsylvania.

9. Major Biblio aphical Reference

See Continuation Sheet

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rganization		1361 W. 6t	h Street		date 19	971/1981	452-4522
ty or town	Harri	sburg PA	17120		state		
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Chief of Reg	istration						······································

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